

Features

- Wide 4 : 1 Input Voltage Range(9~36V,18~75V)
- Remote On/Off
- Input / Output Isolation Voltage: 1.5K VDC
- Extended Operating Temperature Range: -40°C to +85°C
- Output Short Circuit Protection:
Continuous & Auto Recovery
- Over Voltage Protection: Clamp Mode
- Meet EN55022, Class A (Radiation)
- Shielded Metal Case with Insulated Baseplate
- Lead Free Design, RoHS Compliant
- 24pin DIP Package with Industry-Standard Footprint
- Customer Design Available
- Safety Standard / Approval : IEC / EN60950-1



Description

The BOB5W Series are isolated 5W DC/DC converters. Designed with highly efficiency, allow the operating temperature range of these units to be -40°C to +85°C in a 24 pin DIP package with industry-standard footprint. Further features include wide 4 : 1 input voltage range, remote on/off control, short-circuit protection and over voltage protection.

Applications

These converters are well suitable for battery operated equipment, measurement equipment, telecom, wireless network, Industry control system, everywhere where isolated, tightly regulated voltages and compact size are required.

Technical Specification

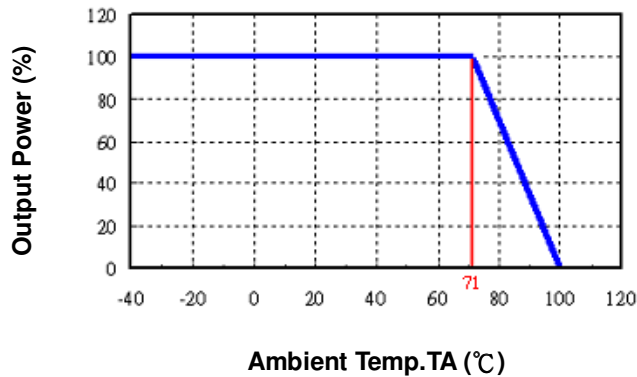
All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25°C unless otherwise stated.

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Output Voltage (V)	Output Current (mA)		Input Current (mA)		Eff. (2) (%)	Capacitive Load, max. (3) (uF)
			Min. Load (1)	Full. Load	No Load	Full Load		
BOB5-24S0W	9~36V Nominal:24V	3.3	34	1200	4.6	226	77	6800
BOB5-24S1W		5	4	1000	9.7	274	80	7030
BOB5-24S2W		12	0	500	7.1	316	83	1220
BOB5-24S3W		15	0	400	10	321	82	430
BOB5-24D1W		±5	0	±500	9.2	271	81	4620
BOB5-24D2W		±12	0	±250	11.7	316	83	330
BOB5-24D3W		±15	0	±200	13	316	83	200
BOB5-48S0W	18~75V Nominal:48V	3.3	49.4	1200	2.8	116	75	4400
BOB5-48S1W		5	0	1000	4.9	139	79	5460
BOB5-48S2W		12	0	500	5	160	82	660
BOB5-48S3W		15	0	400	5.2	160	82	330
BOB5-48D1W		±5	0	±500	5.4	139	79	1660
BOB5-48D2W		±12	0	±250	6.8	160	82	220
BOB5-48D3W		±15	0	±200	7.4	160	82	147

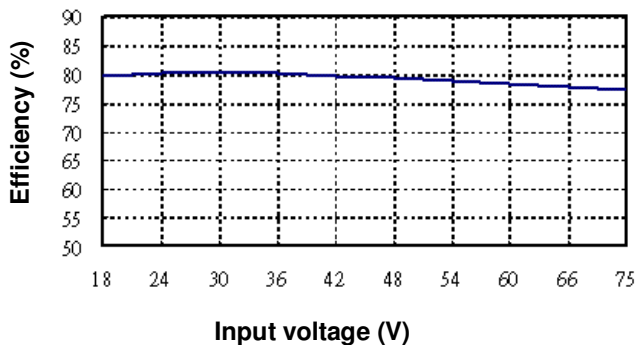
Input Specifications			
Input Voltage	24V nominal input	9-36V	
	48V nominal input	18-75V	
Input filter		Pi Type	
Input surge voltage (100ms max.)	24V input	50V	
	48V input	100V	
Input reflected ripple current	Nominal Vin and full load	160mAp-p typ.	
Start up time	Nominal Vin and constant resistive load	530ms typ.	
Remote ON/OFF	Converter: ON	Open or $3.5V < V_r < 12V$	
	Converter: OFF	Short ⁽⁴⁾ or $0V < V_r < 1.2V$	
Sourcing current of remote control pin	Nominal Vin	< 0.2 mA	
Idle input current (at Remote OFF state)	Nominal Vin	< 2.5 mA	
Environmental Specifications			
Operating ambient temperature		-40°C to +85°C (with derating)	
Maximum case temperature		+100°C	
Storage temperature range		-55°C to +105°C	
Relative humidity		5% to 95% RH	
Temperature coefficient		±0.02% / °C max.	
EMC Characteristics			
EMI	EN55022 (radiation)	Meet class A	
Output Specifications			
Output power		6 Watts max.	
Voltage accuracy	Full load and nominal Vin	±2%	
Minimum load		See table	
Line regulation	LL to HL at full load		±0.5%
	25% load to full load	Single	±1%
	Balanced load	Dual	±1%
Load Regulation	Unbalanced load 25% to 100% full load		±5%
	20MHz bandwidth		80mVp-p max.
Ripple and Noise	3.3Vout models		3.9V
	5Vout models		6.2V
	12Vout models		15V
	15Vout models		18V
Capacitive load		See table	
Over load protection	% of full load at nominal input	150% typ.	
Short circuit protection		Continuous, automatic recovery	
Transient response settling time	50% load step change	560µs typ.	
Transient response over shoot	di/dt=0.8A/µs	≤ ±5% of Vo	

General Specifications		
Efficiency	Nominal input	See table
Isolation voltage	Input to output	1500VDC
Isolation resistance	500VDC	10^9 Ohms min.
Isolation capacitance		300pF typ.
Switching frequency		300kHz typ.
Reliability, calculated MTBF		2.40×10^6 Hrs
Physical Specifications		
Case material		Nickel-coated copper
Base material		Non-conductive black plastic
Potting material		Silicon rubber (UL94V-0)
Dimensions		1.25 × 0.80 × 0.40 Inch (31.75 × 20.32 × 10.16 mm)
Weight		17.2g (0.59oz) typ.

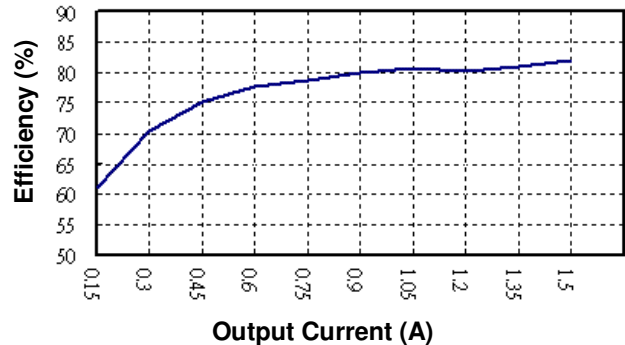
BOB5W Series
Power Derating Curve(5)



BOB5-48S1W
Input voltage vs. Efficiency

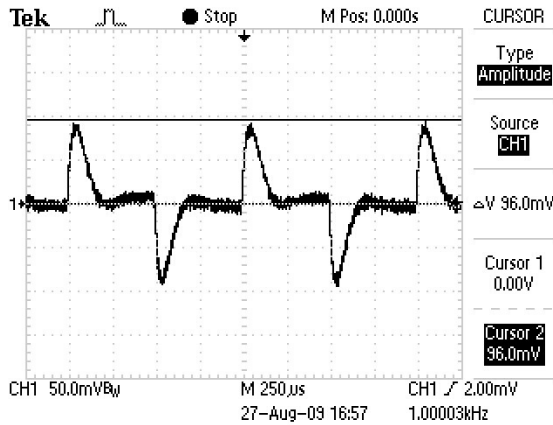


BOB5-48S1W
Output Current vs. Efficiency



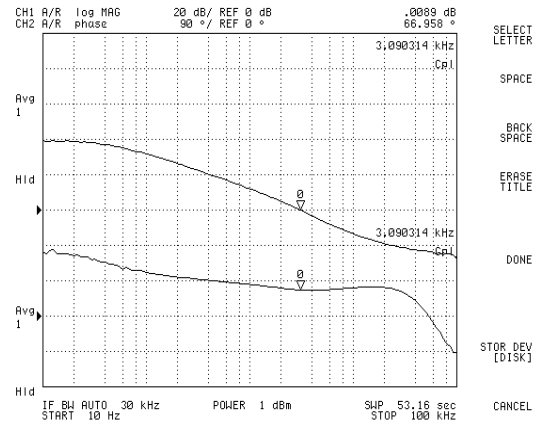
BOB5-48S1W

Transient Response at 50%~100% Max Load



BOB5-48S1W

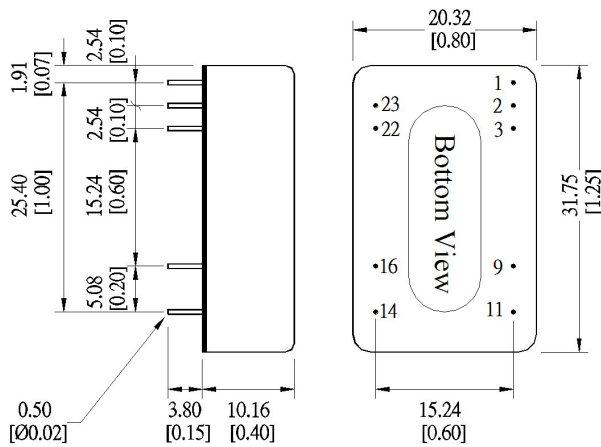
Loop Gain & Phase at Vi=48V, Full Load



Note

1. Io below this value will not damage these converters, however, they may not meet all listed specifications.
2. Typical value, tested at nominal input and full load.
3. For each output.
4. Short to -Vin (Pin 2,3).
5. Based on BOB5-48S1W.

Mechanical Dimensions



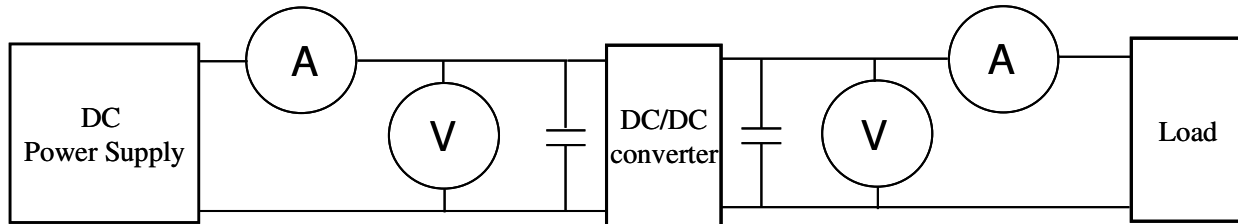
Unit: mm [inch]
Tolerance: ±0.5[0.02]

Pin Assignment		
Pin	Single	Dual
1	Remote On/Off	Remote On/Off
2	-Vin	-Vin
3	-Vin	-Vin
9	No pin	Common
11	No function	-Vout
14	+Vout	+Vout
16	-Vout	Common
22	+Vin	+Vin
23	+Vin	+Vin

Specifications subject to change without notice.

Test Configurations

All specifications are typical at nominal input, full load and 25 °C unless otherwise stated.



- ⊙DC Power Supply: It offers a wide voltage and current range precisely.
- ⊙Current meter (A): Accuracy → 200μA ~ 200mA 4 ranges $\pm(0.2\% \text{ rdg} + 2 \text{ digits})$
2000mA ~ 20A 2 ranges $\pm(0.3\% \text{ rdg} + 2 \text{ digits})$.
- ⊙Voltage meter (V): Accuracy → $\pm(0.03\% \text{ rdg} + 4 \text{ digits})$.
- ⊙Load: At full load.
- ⊙Wires: The resistance of the wires must be small.

1. Input voltage range: Narrow input voltage range ($\pm 10\%$) · wide input voltage range (2:1 and 4:1) ·

EX: Narrow input voltage range ($\pm 10\%$)

5V nominal input	→	4.5~5.5V
12V nominal input	→	10.8~13.2V
24V nominal input	→	21.6~26.4V

Wide input voltage range 2:1

5V nominal input	→	4.5~9V
12V nominal input	→	9~18V
24V nominal input	→	18~36V
48V nominal input	→	36~75V

Wide input voltage range 4:1 (W)

24V nominal input	→	9~36V
48V nominal input	→	18~75V

2. Input power :

$$P_{in} = V_{in} \times I_{in}$$

V_{in} : Input voltage

I_{in} : Input current

3. Output power :

$$P_{out} = V_{out} \times I_{out}$$

V_{out} : Output voltage

I_{out} : Output current

4. Efficiency :

$$\text{Efficiency} = \frac{P_{out}}{P_{in}} \times 100\%$$

P_{out} : Output power

P_{in} : Input power

5. Voltage accuracy:

$$\frac{|V_{out} - V_{out}(\text{nominal})|}{V_{out}} \times 100\%$$

V_{out} : Output voltage

$V_{out}(\text{nominal})$: Nominal output voltage

6. **Line regulation:** (1) Wide input voltage range and regulated output voltage series.

$$\frac{|V_{out(LL)} - V_{out(HL)}|}{V_{out(LL)}} \times 100\%$$

LL: Low Line input voltage
HL: High Line input voltage

(2) Narrow input voltage range ($\pm 10\%$) and unregulated output voltage series.

$$\text{Line regulation} = \left| \frac{\Delta V_{out}}{\Delta V_{in}} \right|$$

$$\Delta V_{out} = \frac{V_{out(+10\%)} - V_{out(-10\%)}}{V_{out}} \times 100\%$$

$V_{out(+10\%)}$: Output voltage at $V_{in} = 1.1 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$ & full load

$V_{out(-10\%)}$: Output voltage at $V_{in} = 0.9 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$ & full load

V_{out} : Output voltage at $V_{in} = V_{in}(\text{nominal})$ & full load

$$\Delta V_{in} = \frac{V_{in(+10\%)} - V_{in(-10\%)}}{V_{in}(\text{nominal})} \times 100\%$$

$V_{in(+10\%)}$: Input voltage = $1.1 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$

$V_{in(-10\%)}$: Input voltage = $0.9 \times V_{in}(\text{nominal})$

$V_{in}(\text{nominal})$: Nominal Input voltage

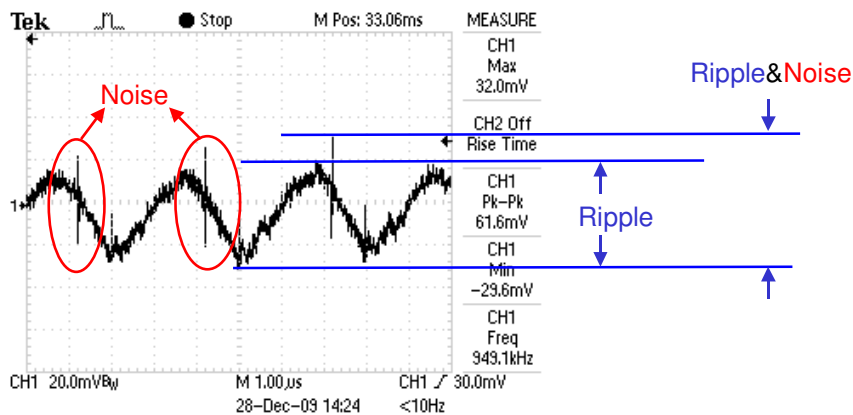
7. **Load regulation:**

$$\frac{|V_{out(FL)} - V_{out(NL)}|}{V_{out(FL)}} \times 100\%$$

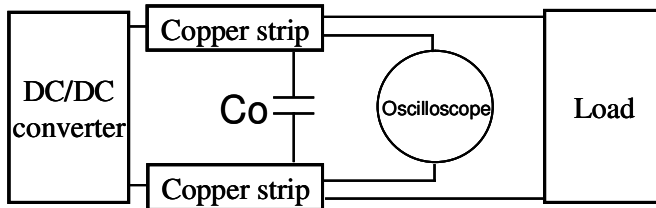
$V_{out(FL)}$: Output voltage at full load

$V_{out(NL)}$: Output voltage at 25% full load or 10% full load

8. **Ripple and Noise:** as shown below. The bandwidth is 0-20MHz.

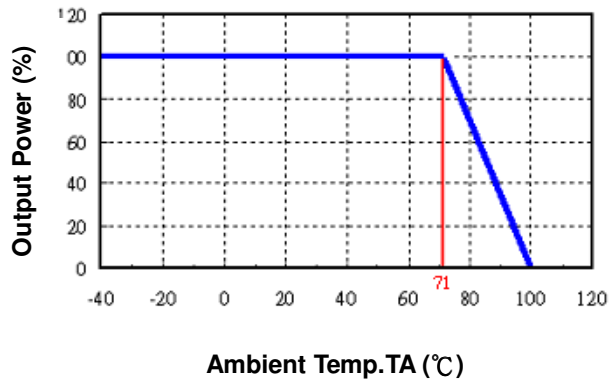


Output Ripple&Noise measurement test circuit: as shown below.



C_o : usually 0.47 μ F.

9. [Temperature derating curve](#): The DC-DC converter will operate over a wider temperature range if less power is drawn from the output and the device is already running. The temperature derating curve shows the operating power-temperature range. As shown below.



10. [Switching frequency](#): The nominal operating frequency of the DC-DC converters.
11. [Input to output isolation](#): The dielectric breakdown strength test between input and output circuits. This is the isolation voltage the device is capable of withstanding for a specified time, usually 1 second or 1 minute.